Pursuant to Article 18, paragraph 2 of the Constitution of the Republic of Kosovo and Article 4, paragraph 3 of the Law Nr.03/L-004 for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Diplomatic Service, I hereby issue the following:

**Decree**

On the ratification of the international Agreement on the Admission of Persons Residing without Authorization, between the Republic of Kosovo and the Republic of Slovenia, signed on 10 May 2011, and received by the Office of the President of the Republic of Kosovo on 23 May 2011.

Pursuant to Article 18, paragraph 3 of the Constitution of the Republic of Kosovo, the ratified agreement shall be forwarded to the Parliament of the Republic of Kosovo as a notification.

The ratified agreement shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Gazette.

Decree No: **DMN-003-2011**

Pristina, 30 May 2011

__________________________
Atifete Jahjaga
President of Republic of Kosovo
AGREEMENT
BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO
AND
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA
ON THE ADMISSION OF PERSONS RESIDING WITHOUT AUTHORISATION

The Government of the Republic of Kosovo and the Government of the Republic of Slovenia (hereinafter referred to as the Contracting Parties) –

desiring to strengthen their cooperation,

convinced that this Agreement constitutes an adequate basis for the admission of persons residing without authorisation,

in accordance with applicable laws of both Contracting Parties and international treaties to which they are Parties,

desiring to prevent illegal migration –

have agreed as follows:

I. ADMISSION OF NATIONALS OF CONTRACTING PARTIES

Article 1
(Admission Procedure without Formalities)

(1) Each Contracting Party shall, upon request by the other Contracting Party, admit to its territory any person who does not, or who no longer, fulfils the conditions in force for entry to, or residence on, the territory of the requesting Contracting Party, provided that it is proved that such a person is a national of the requested Contracting Party.

(2) Nationality shall be proved on the basis of documents laid down in the Protocol between the Government of the Republic of Kosovo and the Government of the Republic of Slovenia on the implementation of the Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Kosovo and the Government of the Republic of Slovenia on the admission of persons residing without authorisation (hereinafter referred to as the Protocol).

(3) Provided that nationality is proved on the basis of the documents laid down in the Protocol, the requesting Contracting Party shall communicate to the requested Contracting Party an admission notice, and the requested Contracting Party shall immediately, but not later than within 5 working days, confirm admission in writing.

(4) The Contracting Parties shall agree to apply the same conditions for the re-admission of a person if it is subsequently determined that the person was not a national of the requested Contracting Party at admission.
Article 2
(Admission Procedure upon Application)

(1) Each Contracting Party shall admit to its territory any person from the territory of the other Contracting Party who does not, or who no longer, fulfills the conditions in force for entry to, or residence on, the territory of that Contracting Party, and who is assumed and, during the admission procedure upon application, proved to be a national of the requested Contracting Party.

(2) If the assumption of nationality is based on documents laid down in the Protocol, the requesting Contracting Party shall, together with the application, present copies of personal identity documents and other supporting documents available, in addition to all other information relevant to the process for establishing nationality.

(3) The requested Contracting Party shall establish the nationality of the person to be admitted in accordance with its national laws.

(4) The requested Contracting Party shall reply to the other Contracting Party's admission application forthwith, but not later than thirty days following receipt of the application.

(5) Upon receipt of a positive reply to the admission application, the requesting Contracting Party shall communicate the reply to the Diplomatic Mission or Consulate of the requested Contracting Party, which shall issue the travel document required for the return of the person.

(6) The travel document required for the return shall be issued immediately, but not later than within five working days.

(7) The Contracting Parties shall agree to apply the same conditions for the re-admission of a person if it is subsequently determined that the person was not a national of the requested Contracting Party at admission.

II. ADMISSION OF THIRD-COUNTRY NATIONALS AND STATELESS PERSONS

Article 3
(General Requirements)

(1) Each Contracting Party shall, upon request by the other Contracting Party, admit to its territory any third-country national or stateless person who does not, or who no longer, fulfills the conditions in force for entry to, or residence on, the territory of the requesting Contracting Party, provided that it is proved, or may be validly assumed that the person entered the territory of the requesting Contracting Party after having resided, stayed on or transited by air through the territory of the requested Contracting Party.
(2) The application for admission of a third-country national or stateless person pursuant to this Article shall be issued no later than three months after the requesting Contracting Party has established unlawful presence of the third-country national or stateless person on its territory.

(3) The requesting Contracting Party shall re-admit without formalities any person, for whom the other Contracting Party has established in investigation following admission that he or she did not fulfill the conditions laid down in this Article, and any person that the other Contracting Party was not obliged to admit pursuant to Article 4 of this Agreement.

Article 4
(Exemptions)

The admission obligation pursuant to Article 3 shall not apply to:

a) nationals of third countries with a common border with the requesting Contracting Party;
b) a third-country national or stateless person in possession of a visa or residence permit, issued to that person by the requesting Contracting Party upon leaving the territory of the requested Contracting Party or upon entering the territory of the requesting Contracting Party;
c) third-country nationals or stateless persons having resided on the territory of the requesting Contracting Party for more than twelve months prior to submitting the admission application;
d) a third-country national or stateless person to whom the requesting Contracting Party has granted the status of a refugee pursuant to the Convention on the Status of Refugees as adopted in Geneva on 28 July 1951, and the Protocol on the Status of Refugees as adopted in New York on 31 January 1967, or the status of a stateless person by the requesting Contracting Party, pursuant to the Convention relating to the status of stateless persons as adopted in New York on 28 September 1954;
e) a third-country national or stateless person having initiated a procedure in the requesting Contracting Party for formal recognition of their status as a refugee pursuant to the Convention on the Status of Refugees as adopted in Geneva on 28 July 1951, and the Protocol on the Status of Refugees as adopted in New York on 31 January 1967, until the adoption of a final decision in that regard.

III. TRANSIT OF THIRD-COUNTRY NATIONALS AND STATELESS PERSONS

Article 5
(General Provisions)

(1) Each Contracting Party shall allow the transit of a third-country national or stateless person upon request of the other Contracting Party, if the requesting Contracting Party can prove that admission will be guaranteed in the State of final destination or in the next transit State. The foreign national whose transit has been authorised shall be exempted from having to obtain a transit visa.
(2) The requesting Contracting Party shall provide evidence from the previous paragraph together with the written transit application.

(3) Escorted transit of a person through the territory of the requested Contracting Party shall be subject to the rules in force in that requested Contracting Party.

(4) During transit, the requesting Contracting Party shall remain responsible for third-country nationals or stateless persons and shall be obliged to readmit them again if admission by the destination country has not been guaranteed.

Article 6
(Submission of the Transit Application)

The requesting Contracting Party shall lodge an application for transit through the territory of the other Contracting Party with the competent authority of that other Contracting Party. The content of the application and the information regarding transit to be included are laid down in the Protocol. The requesting Contracting Party shall inform the other Contracting Party if the person in transit is to be escorted. For the purpose of transit, the requested Contracting Party may decide to:

a) carry out the transit operations on its territory by itself;

b) carry out the transit operations in cooperation with the requesting Contracting Party;

c) authorise the requesting Contracting Party to carry out the transit operations through its territory.

Article 7
(Escorted Transit)

(1) If transit is conducted under police escort, the escorting police officers of the requesting Contracting Party shall carry out their mission in civilian clothing unarmed and provided with a transit authorisation.

(2) In air transit, the requested Contracting Party may, if necessary, take over responsibility for the supervision and boarding of the plane, in agreement with the escorting personnel.

Article 8
(Unescorted Transit)

(1) Supervision and boarding of unescorted persons in air transit shall be provided by police officers of the requested Contracting Party, subject to prior written confirmation by the requested Contracting Party.

(2) If transit referred to in the preceding paragraph cannot be conducted within the envisaged time frame, the requested Contracting Party shall inform the requesting Contracting Party in writing without delay while the latter must respond in writing within 24 hours and propose further procedure.
Article 9
(Obligations of the Transit State)

(1) The competent authority of the requested Contracting Party shall inform the competent authority of the requesting Contracting Party of all facts regarding any incident occurring during transit.

(2) The requested Contracting Party shall provide the same protection and assistance to police officers of the requesting Contracting Party in the performance of their tasks under this Agreement as are enjoyed by its police officers performing similar tasks.

(3) When in performing their tasks they are involved in illegal acts either as perpetrators or victims, police officers of the requesting Contracting Party shall enjoy the same rights and obligations as police officers of the requested Contracting Party.

Article 10
(Police Officers)

Police officers of the requesting Contracting Party who perform their tasks under this Agreement on the territory of the country of transit must be able to prove, if requested by an authorised official, their identity and that they are acting in an official capacity, as well as carry a transit authorisation that has been issued by the requested Contracting Party.

Article 11
(Compensation of Damage Incurred during Transit)

If a police officer of the requesting Contracting Party suffers damage during the performance of his/her tasks under this Agreement, the requesting Contracting Party is responsible for paying the compensation due, without seeking redress from the requested Contracting Party.

Article 12
(Refusal of Transit)

Transit may be refused:

a) if the person runs the real risk of being subjected to torture or to inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment or the death penalty or of persecution because of his race, religion, ethnicity, membership of a particular social group or political conviction in the State of destination or another State of transit;

b) if the person shall be subject to criminal sanctions in the State of destination or in another State of transit, excluding sanctions for illegal crossing of the state border;

c) for reasons of public health, domestic security or public order of the Requested Contracting Party.
IV. PERSONAL DATA PROTECTION

Article 13
(Personal Data Protection)

The processing and protection of personal data communicated between the Contracting Parties in order to implement this Agreement shall be subject to rules regarding data protection in force in both Contracting Parties, to the Convention for the Protection of Individuals with regard to the Automatic Processing of Personal Data as adopted in Strasbourg on 28 January 1981, and to the following conditions:

a) the Contracting Parties may only use personal data for the purpose provided in this Agreement;
b) a Contracting Party must, upon request by the other Contracting Party, inform the latter of the use of communicated personal data;
c) communicated personal data may only be handled by competent authorities responsible for the implementation of this Agreement. Further communication to other bodies requires the prior written consent of the communicating Contracting Party;
d) the accuracy of communicated personal data shall be guaranteed by the communicating Contracting Party. In the event that personal data is communicated that is inaccurate or should not have been communicated, the receiving Contracting Party shall be notified forthwith and called upon to correct or destroy the data;
e) The Contracting Parties are under obligation to keep a written record of the communication and receipt of personal data.

V. TRANSITIONAL AND FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 14
(Costs)

(1) Transport costs and any other costs incurred in connection with the admission as far as the state border of the other Contracting Party shall be borne by the requesting Contracting Party.

(2) In cases referred to in Article 1 paragraph 4, in Article 2 paragraph 7, and in Article 3 paragraph 3, all costs shall be borne by the Contracting Party of re-admission.

(3) All costs incurred in connection with the transit of third-country nationals and stateless persons referred to in Chapter III of this Agreement shall be borne by the requesting Contracting Party.

Article 15
(Settlement of Disputes)

(1) Any disputes concerning the interpretation or application of this Agreement shall be settled by consultation between competent authorities of both Contracting Parties or, if necessary, in expert meetings as agreed by both Contracting Parties.
(2) In the event that the dispute cannot be settled pursuant to the previous paragraph, it shall be settled through diplomatic channels.

Article 16
(Protocol)

A protocol shall be concluded for the purpose of the implementation of this Agreement.

Article 17
(Effect of the Agreement on Other International Agreements and Obligations)

(1) This agreement shall be without prejudice to the obligations and responsibilities of the Contracting Parties arising from other international agreements.


(3) This Agreement is not applicable with regard to judicial assistance in extradition procedures in criminal matters.

Article 18
(Temporary Suspension of Implementation of the Agreement)

(1) Each Contracting Party may completely or partly, temporarily suspend the implementation of this Agreement for reasons of domestic security, protection of public order or public health.

(2) Temporary suspension shall enter into force upon receipt of an official notification by the other Contracting Party.

Article 19
(Entry into force and Termination of the Agreement)

(1) This Agreement shall enter into force on the first day of the second month following the date on which the Contracting Parties notify each other that internal legal procedures necessary for the entry into force of this Agreement have been completed.

(2) This Agreement is concluded for an unlimited period. Each Contracting Party may denounce this Agreement by officially notifying the other Contracting Party. This Agreement shall cease to apply on the first day of the third month following the date of such notification.
Article 20
(Registration)

Upon the entry into force of the Agreement, the Government of the Republic of Slovenia shall register the Agreement with the Secretariat of the United Nations under Article 102 of the Charter of the United Nations and shall notify the Government of the Republic of Kosovo of its registration and registration number immediately after receiving the certificate of registration.

Done at Prishtina on the 10-th of May 2011, in two original copies in the Slovenian, Albanian, Serbian and English languages all texts being equally authentic. In the case of divergence in the interpretation, the English text shall prevail.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO

FOR THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA
PROTOCOL
BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO
AND
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA

ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE
GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO AND THE GOVERNMENT OF
THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA ON THE ADMISSION OF PERSONS RESIDING
WITHOUT AUTHORISATION

Pursuant to Article 16 of the Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Kosovo and the Government of the Republic of Slovenia on the admission of persons residing without authorisation, done at Pristina, on the 10-th of May 2011, (hereinafter referred to as the Agreement), the Government of the Republic of Kosovo and the Government of the Republic of Slovenia (hereinafter referred to as the Contracting Parties) have agreed the following, for the purpose of its implementation:

1. ADMISSION OF NATIONALS OF THE CONTRACTING PARTIES

Article 1
(Proving Nationality)

(1) For the purposes of the implementation of the Agreement, the nationality of a person shall be proved by means of one of the following valid public documents:

a) for the Republic of Kosovo:
   - birth certificate,
   - citizenship certificate,
   - identity card,
   - passport of any type.

b) for the Republic of Slovenia:
passport,
- travel document for return,
- identity card,
- seaman’s registration book,
- citizenship certificate with another valid official document with a photograph;

(2) Based on the submission of the aforementioned public documents, the competent authority of the requested Contracting Party shall acknowledge the nationality of a person and no future establishment of nationality shall be required.

Article 2

(Presumption of Nationality)

(1) Nationality may be presumed on the basis of the following:

a) for the Republic of Kosovo:

- Expired documents listed in Article 1 point b) or photocopies thereof;
- Driving licenses or photocopies thereof;
- Birth certificates issued by UNMIK or photocopies thereof;
- Travel documents and identity cards issued by UNMIK or photocopies thereof;
- Kosovo Security Force booklets;
- Statements by witnesses;
- Written statements made by the person concerned;
- Language spoken by him or her, including by means of an official test result (lingua);
- Person’s biometric data such as fingerprints, eye retinas and irises, voice patterns, facial patterns and hand measurements data;
- Result of a DNA test;
- Any other document which may help to establish the citizenship of the person concerned.

b) for the Republic of Slovenia:

- photocopies of the documents listed in Article 1 point a) of the Protocol,
documents listed in Article 1 of the Protocol, the period of validity of which has expired and photocopies thereof;
- a birth certificate or a photocopy thereof;
- a driving licence or a photocopy thereof;
- any document issued by state authorities;
- any valid document that proves membership of the armed forces or the police force of a Contracting Party;
- a statement from the person in question or from a trustworthy witness entered in the official records;
- comparison of fingerprints entered in the records of the other Contracting Party;

(2) Nationality shall be deemed to have been established if in the above cases the requested Contracting Party confirms it.

Article 3
(Return and Admission Procedure)

(1) The notice or application for admission of a person whose nationality of the Contracting Party is established or presumed shall provide the following:

a) the particulars of the person to be admitted (given names, father’s name (if known), surnames, date and place of birth, and the last address of residence in the requested Contracting Party);
b) a list of personal identity and other documents in the person’s possession;
c) the border crossing point at which the person is to be returned and admitted and the time of return and admission.

(2) If the person requires medical care, the requesting Contracting Party shall also submit a description of the person’s state of health, including photocopies of healthcare certificates and information regarding requirements for special treatment, such as health or other care, supervision or ambulance transport.

(3) Re-admission of the person mentioned in the notice or application is subject to the prior consent of the requested Contracting Party.
II. ADMISSION OF THIRD-COUNTRY NATIONALS OR STATELESS PERSONS

Article 4
(Evidence of Residence on, or Transit Through, the Territory of a Contracting Party)

(1) The entry to, residence on, or transit through the territory of the requested Contracting Party by a third-country national or stateless person, may be proved on the basis of one of the following:

a) entry or departure stamps or similar endorsement made by the requested Contracting Party's authorities in the travel document or other personal identity document of the person concerned;

b) entry stamps made by the requested Contracting Party's authorities in forged travel documents;

c) stamp made by the border control at the border crossing between a third country and the requested Contracting Party, taking into account the itinerary and the date when the person to be re-admitted crossed the border;

d) a valid residence permit;

e) a valid visa issued by the authorities of the requested Contracting Party (excluding an unused transit visa);

f) personal identity documents issued by national authorities of the requested Contracting Party, or photocopies thereof;

g) used tickets issued to the person which show that the person concerned entered the territory of the requested Contracting Party.

(2) The documents listed above are considered as direct evidence of residence on, or transit through, the territory of the requested Contracting Party, but evidence to the contrary may be submitted.
Article 5
(Presumption of Residence on, or Transit Through, the Territory of a Contracting Party)

(1) The entry to, residence on, or transit through the territory of the requested Contracting Party by a third-country national or stateless person, may be presumed on the basis of one of the following indirect means of evidence:

a) a residence permit issued by the authorities of the requested Contracting Party, the validity of which has expired less than twelve months ago;
b) a visa which has expired less than twelve months ago;
c) official files issued by the authorities or institutions of the requested Contracting Party to the person during residence on, or transit through, the territory of the requested Contracting Party;
d) photocopies of any of the documents listed in Article 4 of this Protocol;
e) entry cards for public places;
f) tickets;
g) named hotel bills;
h) receipts from foreign exchange offices;
i) handwritten statements or statements by officials of authorities of the requesting Contracting Party, which have been recorded in the form of official notes and are verifiable;
j) statements by witnesses confirming the entry of the person to the territory of the requested Contracting Party, which have been recorded by competent authorities and are verifiable;
k) ascertainable information proving that the person concerned has used the services of a travel agency or persons organising illegal immigration across the state border.

(2) Indirect evidence provide basis for the assumption of residence on, or transit through, the territory of the requested Contracting Party. The competent authorities of the requested Contracting Party may challenge this evidence with evidence to the contrary or through further investigation.
Article 6
(Content of the Admission Application)

(1) The admission application from Article 3 of the Agreement shall contain the following information:

a) the particulars of the person to be admitted (given names, father’s name (if known), surnames, date and place of birth, nationality and the last place of residence in their country);
b) personal identity documents (number, issuing authority and validity);
c) place and date of entry onto the territory of the requesting Contracting Party;
d) existing direct or indirect evidence of residence on, or transit through, the territory of the requested Contracting Party;
e) information regarding the languages the person speaks and understands;
f) proposed point of entry and time of admission.

(2) If the person requires medical care, the requesting Contracting Party shall also submit a description of the person’s state of health, including photocopies of healthcare certificates and information regarding requirements for special treatment, such as health or other care, supervision or ambulance transport.

III. TRANSIT OF THIRD-COUNTRY NATIONALS OR STATELESS PERSONS

Article 7
(Content of the Transit Application)

(1) The transit application shall contain the following information on the person in transit:

a) the particulars of the person to be transited (given names, surnames, date and place of birth, nationality and the last known address of residence in the State of final destination);
b) type, serial number, and validity of the passport or other travel document;
e) a declaration that the conditions pursuant to Article 5 of the Agreement are met, and that no reasons for a refusal pursuant to Article 12 of the Agreement are known of;
d) border crossing point, envisaged time and method of transit, as well as the travel plan;
e) whether an escort or any other assistance is required.

(2) If the person requires medical care, the requesting Contracting Party shall also submit a description of the person's state of health, including photocopies of healthcare certificates and information regarding requirements for special treatment, such as health or other care, supervision or ambulance transport.

(3) A transit application must be submitted in writing to the competent authority of the requested Contracting Party.

(4) The competent authorities of the Contracting Parties shall agree directly on the time and method of transit (e.g. flight number, departure and arrival times, name and surname of officials providing escort, vehicle registration numbers, etc).

IV. COMPETENT AUTHORITIES, BORDER CROSSINGS, TIME LIMITS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE AGREEMENT, AND THE METHOD OF CALCULATION AND PAYMENT OF COSTS

Article 8
(Competent Authorities)

(1) The implementation of the Agreement on the admission of nationals of the Contracting Parties and of third countries, and the submission and processing of transit applications shall be within the competence of:

a) for the Republic of Kosovo:

For Readmission Operation
Ministry of Internal Affairs.
Department for Citizenship, Asylum and Migration
"Luan Haradinaj" Street
New Government Building of MIA
10000 Pristinë – Kosovë

Tel. +381 38 200 19 602;
Fax: +381 38 200 19 590
E-mail: mih.xhristim@ks-gov.net
mhp.riatdhesimi2@ks-gov.net
For Transi Operation
Ministry of Internal Affairs
Kosovo Police:
Directorate of Migration and Foreigners
"Luan Haradinaj" Street
10000 Pristinë – Kosovë

Tel. +381 38 50 80 1422
Fax: +381 38 50 80 1222
Email: drejtoriapermigrim@kosovopolice.com

b) for the Republic of Slovenia:

The Ministry of the Interior
Police
General Police Directorate
Uniformed Police Directorate
Border Police Division
Address: Štefanova ulica 2, SI-1501 Ljubljana
Phone: +386 1 428 4322
Fax: +386 1 251 7450
e-mail: smp@policija.si

(2) The Competent Authorities shall communicate to each other all information necessary to enable mutual communication.
(3) Notices and admission or transit applications as well as responses shall be sent by
the competent authorities in writing by fax, regular post or e-mail.

Article 9
(Border Crossing Points)

The return, admission and transit of persons shall be conducted at the following
border crossing points:

a) in the Republic of Kosovo: Pristina International Airport "Adem Jashari" and
border crossing points Hani i Elezit, Vermica, Kulla, Merdare.

b) in the Republic of Slovenia: International Border Crossing Point Obrežje,
International Border Crossing Point Gruiškove, Border Crossing Point for
International Air Traffic Ljubljana – Brnik at the Ljubljana Jože Pučnik
Airport, and International Railway Border Crossing Point Dobova;

Article 10
(Time Limits)

(1) For the purpose of Article 2 of the Agreement, the requesting Contracting Party
shall, upon acquisition of the travel document required for the return of the
person, inform the requested Contracting Party no later than three working days
before the envisaged return of the person, if the person is in need of an escort or
escorts.

(2) For the purpose of Article 3 of the Agreement, the requested Contracting Party
shall communicate its decision to the requesting Contracting Party without
delay, but certainly no later than five working days following the date of receipt
of the application. Reasons shall be given in writing for the refusal of an
application lodged.

(3) For the purpose of Articles 5 to 12 of the Agreement, the transit application for
third-country nationals and stateless persons shall be lodged no later than five
working days preceding transit by land, and no later than three working days
preceding transit by air. The requested Contracting Party shall reply forthwith,
but no later than two working days preceding transit by land, and no later than one working day preceding transit by air.

**Article 11**

*(Method of Calculation and Payment of Costs)*

(1) Costs are calculated in conformity with the rules in force in the requested Contracting Party.

(2) Any costs that cannot be paid directly shall be compensated within thirty days following the date of receipt of an invoice to the bank account of the Competent Authority of the requested Contracting Party.

**V. FINAL PROVISIONS**

**Article 12**

*(Languages and Amendments)*

(1) In implementing this Protocol, each Contracting Party shall use the official language of its country, unless agreed otherwise on a case-by-case basis.

(2) The Contracting Parties may amend this Protocol by mutual agreement.
Article 13
(Entry into force and Termination)

The Protocol shall enter into force and cease to have effect on the same day as the Agreement.

Done at Pristina, on the 10-th of May 2011, in two original copies in the Slovenian, Albanian, Serbian and English languages, all texts being equally authentic. In the case of divergence in the interpretation, the English text shall prevail.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE REPUBLIC OF KOSOVO

FOR THE GOVERNMENT
OF THE REPUBLIC OF SLOVENIA